



ELIMINATE SURCHARGES | REDUCE OPERATING COSTS
REUSE WATER | RECOVER VALUABLE RESOURCES





Water, a critical resource

Where does meat processing wastewater come from?

Smart Plant Philosophy

Your challenges and the Nijhuis solution



Eliminate Surcharges | Reduce Operational Costs | Reuse Water | Recover Valuable Resources

Nijhuis Industries is the specialist that will reduce or eliminate your wastewater discharge surcharges, reduce costs you encounter for incoming potable water, and organic wastes disposal all while being compliant with local regulations.



To realize the above, Nijhuis provides for opportunities to **Reduce** your water usage and operating costs, Reuse the water were possible, and we will Recover valuable resources from the water like heat, fats for bio fuel, biogas or electricity to Reduce the environmental footprint.

How to realize?



Step 1: A site survey.



Step 2: A report with recommendations for a solution.



Step 3: Design and build the appropriate treatment plant solution while considering total cost of ownership (TCO)



Step 4: Operational services for the lifecycle of the plant.

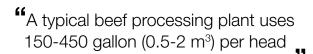
The recommendations and information contained in this document will provide the industry with on how to save on wastewater disposal costs, and how to implement innovative solutions. Nijhuis Industries innovative, adaptive and solid water solutions for the meat industry have been installed all around the globe, from the US to Chile, from Europe to South Africa and to Asia-Pacific, all while helping to create a sustainable and resilient future.



CEO Menno M. Holterman, on behalf of the Nijhuis Industries team









A Pork processor uses 60-120 Gallon / (0.2-0.4 m³) per head.



For beef/pork a rule of thumb is 0.5-1 Gallon (2-4 litre) per pound of meat.



A broiler processor uses 3.5-10 Gallon (0.01-0.04 $\,\mathrm{m}^3$) per head. For poultry a rule of thumb is 0.3 Gallon / 1 litre per pound of meat.



Water streams:

- Live animals (receiving area) water from Pens / Truck washing
- Slaughtering
- Cut up
- Further processing / packaging (seasoning, cooking, frying)
- CIP / cleaning shift

Type of water:

- Manure/Litter, bedding material, sand
- Blood, hair/feathers, meat
- Meat, fat, bone fragments
- Fat, cooking oils, tarch meat
- Cleaning agents + combination of above wastes



Solid waste streams:

- Meat / organic wastes
- Fat wastes from primary treatment

Type of solids:

- Typically 30% dry solids | potential energy resource!
- Typically > 20% dry solids | potential energy resource!





Meat market trends affecting water management, processes and footprint



Stricter environmental regulations / water treatment facility reaches end-of-life



Sufficient amount of **fresh water** for the facility to fulfill e.g. production expansion



Efficient pre-rinse to reduce water consumption



Higher water consumption due to production expansion



Different types of meat requires adaptable cleaning processes, which results into fluctuations in wastewater pollution



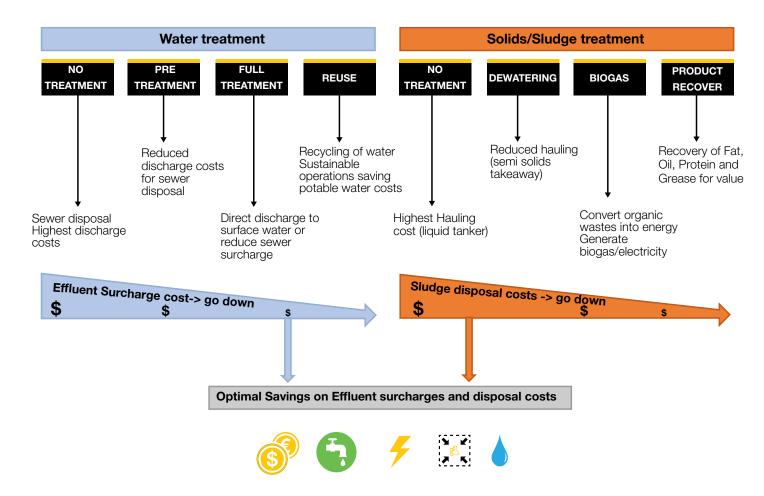


In order to bring down current surcharge cost, investments need to be done in technologies. Typical savings we see are in the range of 50-90% on discharge cost. We saved to some meat processing companies hundreds of thousands of dollars in environmental surcharges. The DAF (dissolved air flotation) technology is a first step to reduce TSS, Fat, Oil and Grease surcharges, a system commonly referred to as "pre-treatment".

If you are going for "Full" treatment in order to remove organics (BOD, Nitrogen), biological treatment is required. Now the effluent can be discharged to surface water or are used as possible irrigation water and can eliminating surcharge costs.

A best fit for your application

Nijhuis offers a variety of meat processing wastewater solutions allowing you to realize a customized solution best fit for your application. In the diagram you can see the effect of water treatment stages on your current surcharge costs and also the effect of further managing the solids/sludges.





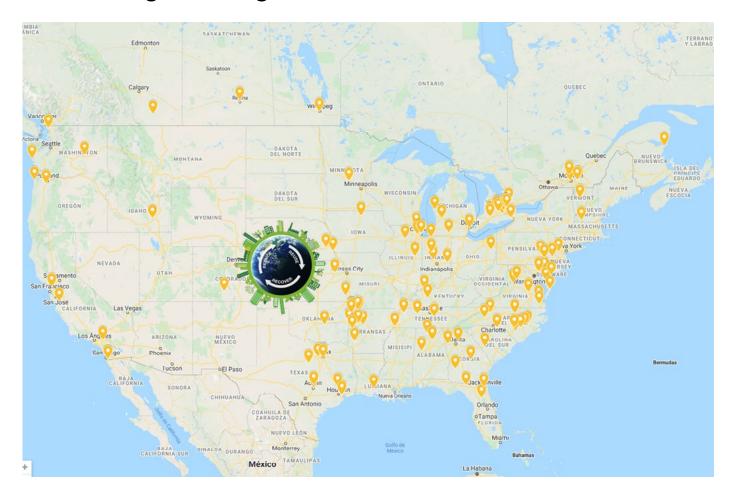
Challenge	Solution	Benefit	Reference
Reduce effluent surcharge - step 1	Screens / Dissolved Air Flotation (i-DAF)	\$ >50-90% discharge savings, effluent compliance for primary treatment of FOG, TSS and COD removal	example
Reduce effluent surcharge - step 2	Aerobic (BIOCTOR) and Anaerobic Treatment (AECOMIX TM)	\$, produce direct discharge quality effluent low in BOD and nutrients	
Reduce potable water consumption	i-CONSULT	\$, Less intake/ discharge cost	
Reduce chemical consumption	Intelligent dosing (i-DOSE)	Up to 30% chemical dosing reduction, Automatic process control	
Reduce land application/ Landfill	Screw Press (NSP)	Remove free and bound water from sludges, reduces hauling/disposal costs	>20% dry solic
Control Nitrogen and Phosphorus	Ammonia Recovery (AECO-NAR)	More than 80% ammonia recovery into Green Mineral Nutrients	
Wastewater emergency / Temporary solution / Outsource plant operation	Rental Solutions and Online Monitoring	Effluent compliance, less man power	OR MINISTER OF THE PROPERTY OF



Challenge	Solution	Benefit	Reference example
Turn WWTP effluent into irrigation water or drinking water quality for in-house purposes	Sand Filter (i-CSF), Carbon Filter (CarboPure), Membrane Systems (NMS), Disinfection (NUV/ NOS)	\$, Less intake costs, reduce water footprint, reduce environmental footprint	1.05 mgg 4000 m³ reuse per o
Prevent bacterial growth and legionella in cooling towers and other heat/cold water services	Ozone (NOS), Bio Organic Catalyst (BOC), Electrodeposition, chemical-treatment	\$, Less blow-down, Prevent legionella, Environmental compliance	
Fat/Oils Recovery + sludge / chemical reduction	Fat recovery (AECO-FAT)	\$, Recover free fats, oils and grease for revenue Generate biofuel, reduce environmental footprint, reduce sludge and chemical consumption	50% less chemicals 50% less sludge
Recover biogas out of waste streams	Anaerobic digestion (AECOMIX™)	\$, Generate gas /electricity, reduce environmental footprint	
Ground water / well water treatment for facility purposes	Tertiary i-DAF, Sand Filter (i-CSF), Carbon Filter (CarboPure), Membrane Systems (NMS), Disinfection (NUV/NOS)	\$, Less intake costs, reduce water footprint, reduce environmental footprint	ASSER MISSORE



" More than 200 meat clients have implemented Nijhuis wastewater treatment, resource recovery and sludge management solutions ""



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